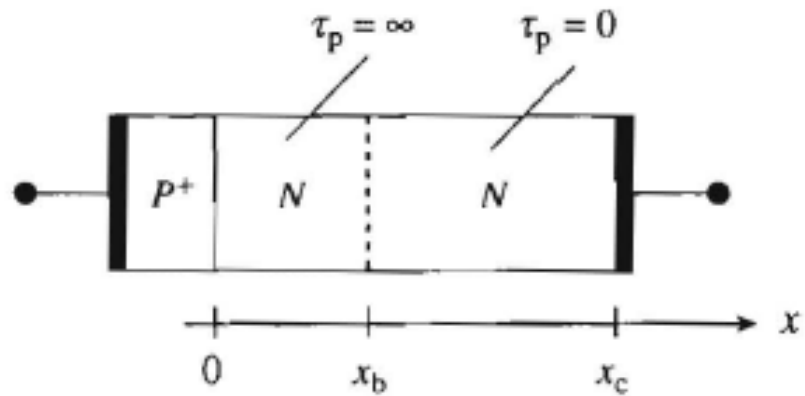


Problem #2:



Consider the p<sup>+</sup>-n junction pictured above and answer the following:

- What does the I-V characteristic look like? Can you find an expression for it?
- How does it change if we make  $\tau_p > 0$  from  $x_b < x < x_c$ ?

Problem #3:

The maximum power delivered by a solar cell can be found by maximizing the I-V product.

- a. Show that maximizing the power leads to the expression:  $\left(1 + \frac{q}{kT} V_{mp}\right) e^{qV_{mp}/kT} = 1 + \frac{I_{sc}}{I_{th}}$  where  $V_{mp}$  is the voltage for maximum power,  $I_{sc}$  is the magnitude of the short-circuit current, and  $I_{th}$  is the thermally induced reverse saturation current.
- b. Assume a silicon solar cell with a dark saturation current  $I_{th}$  of 1.5 nA is illuminated such that the short-circuit current is  $I_{sc} = 100$  mA. Use a graphical solution to obtain the voltage  $V_{mp}$  at the maximum power delivered.